

Tarvin Primary School

History National Curriculum Mapping





National Curriculum Mapping

How this document works:

This is a whole school overview, demonstrating where the objectives, laid out in the National Curriculum, are covered.

EYFS

This table demonstrates how each unit of work links to the Early Learning Goals and the Development Matters 2021 statements.

KS1 & 2

These tables identify the National Curriculum objectives for each year group and how they are mapped to each unit taught.

EYFS

Early Years Foundation Stage (Reception)	Early years outcomes: Prime Areas Development Matters 2021 statements Early Learning Goals	Early years outcomes: Specific Areas Development Matters 2021 statements Early Learning Goals
Unit of Work	Early Learning Could	Larry Learning Godis
Understanding the world	Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history. • Comment on images of familiar situations in the past.	Talk about the lives of people around them and their roles in society.
	Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past.	 Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.
Past and Present		 Talk about the lives of people around them and their roles in society.
		 Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.

<u>KS1</u>

National Curriculum Objectives	Great Fire of London and Curriculum A	Great Inventions- Transport Curriculum A	The Greatest Explorers Curriculum A	Our Local Heroes and Remembrance Curriculum B	My Family History Curriculum B	Queen Elizabeth, Queen Victoria and Holidays Curriculum B
KS1 objectives						
Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time.	✓	✓	√	✓	✓	✓
To know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods	✓	√	✓	✓	✓	√
Changes within living memory – where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life				✓	✓	
Changes within living memory – where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life				√	✓	
To recall and study events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally [for example, the Great Fire of London, the first aeroplane flight or events commemorated through festivals or anniversaries]	✓	✓		√		
To study the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements, some			✓			✓

should be used to compare aspects of	 			
life in different periods [for example,				
Elizabeth I and Queen Victoria,				
Christopher Columbus and Neil				
Armstrong, William Caxton and Tim				
Berners-Lee, Pieter Bruegel the Elder				
and LS Lowry, Rosa Parks and Emily				
Davison, Mary Seacole and/or				
Florence Nightingale and Edith Cavell]				
To study significant historical events,		,	,	
people and places in their own locality		✓	✓	

LKS2

National Curriculum Objectives	Stone Age	Bronze Age and	Our Local History	Egyptians	Roman Britain	Greeks
	Curriculum A	Iron Age	Curriculum A	Curriculum B	Curriculum B	Curriculum B
		Curriculum A				
To know and understand the history	✓	✓			✓	
of these islands as a coherent,						
chronological narrative, from the						
earliest times to the present day: how						
people's lives have shaped this nation						
and how Britain has influenced and						
been influenced by the wider world						
To know and understand significant				✓	✓	✓
aspects of the history of the wider						
world: the nature of ancient						
civilisations; the expansion and						
dissolution of empires; characteristic						
features of past non-European						
societies; achievements and follies of						
mankind						
To gain and deploy a historically				✓	✓	✓
grounded understanding of abstract						
terms such as 'empire', 'civilisation',						
'parliament' and 'peasantry'						

To understand historical concepts	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
such as continuity and change, cause						
and consequence, similarity,						
difference and significance, and use						
them to make connections, draw						
contrasts, analyse trends, frame						
historically-valid questions						
To create their own structured						✓
accounts, including written narratives						
and analysis						
To understand the methods of	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
historical enquiry, including how						
evidence is used rigorously to make						
historical claims, and discern how and						
why contrasting arguments and						
interpretations of the past have been						
constructed						
To gain historical perspective by	✓				✓	
placing their growing knowledge into						
different contexts, understanding the						
connections between local, regional,						
national and international history;						
between cultural, economic, military,						
political, religious and social history;						
and between short- and long-term						
timescales						
Develop a chronologically secure	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
knowledge and understanding of						
British, local and world history,						
establishing clear narratives within						
and across the periods they study.						
Note connections, contrasts and	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
trends over time and develop the						
appropriate use of historical terms						
Construct informed responses that	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
involve thoughtful selection and						
organisation of relevant historical						
information						

They should understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources.	√	√	√	√	√	✓
To recognise and comment upon changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age	✓	√				
Gain an understanding of the Roman Empire and its impact on Britain.					✓	
A local history study			✓			
The achievements of the earliest civilizations					√	√
A study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world						✓

<u>UKS2</u>

National Curriculum Objectives	The Impact of War	Journeys Curriculum A	Crime and Punishment	The Maya Curriculum B	Anglo-Saxons Curriculum B	Vikings Curriculum B
	Curriculum A		Curriculum A			
To know and understand the history	✓	✓			✓	✓
of these islands as a coherent,						
chronological narrative, from the						
earliest times to the present day: how						
people's lives have shaped this nation						
and how Britain has influenced and						
been influenced by the wider world						
To know and understand significant				✓		✓
aspects of the history of the wider						
world: the nature of ancient						
civilisations; the expansion and						
dissolution of empires; characteristic						
features of past non-European						
societies; achievements and follies of						
mankind						

To gain and deploy a historically	✓			✓			
grounded understanding of abstract							
terms such as 'empire', 'civilisation',							
'parliament' and 'peasantry'							
To understand historical concepts	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
such as continuity and change, cause							
and consequence, similarity,							
difference and significance, and use							
them to make connections, draw							
contrasts, analyse trends, frame							
historically-valid questions							
To create their own structured	✓			✓			
accounts, including written narratives							
and analysis							
To understand the methods of	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
historical enquiry, including how							
evidence is used rigorously to make							
historical claims, and discern how and							
why contrasting arguments and							
interpretations of the past have been							
constructed							
To gain historical perspective by	✓			✓	✓	✓	
placing their growing knowledge into							
different contexts, understanding the							
connections between local, regional,							
national and international history;							
between cultural, economic, military,							
political, religious and social history;							
and between short- and long-term							
timescales							
A non-European society that provides				✓			
contrasts with British history							